

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

BOLINGER, SEGARS, GILBERT & MOSS, L.L.P.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
LUBBOCK, TEXAS

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

**COUNTY OFFICIALS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

Kevin Brendle

County Judge

Dennis Wyatt

Commissioner Precinct 1

Mike Smith

Commissioner Precinct 2

Charlie Morris

Commissioner Precinct 3

Jerry Alexander

Commissioner Precinct 4

Becky Hill

District and County Clerk

Darla Thomason

County Treasurer

Rebecca Haney

Tax-Assessor-Collector

Nancy Stone

Justice of the Peace

Terry Braly

Sheriff

BOLINGER, SEGARS, GILBERT & MOSS, L.L.P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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LUBBOCK, TEXAS 79423-1954

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Judge and
Members of the Commissioners' Court of
Dickens County, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dickens County, Texas, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Dickens County, Texas' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dickens County, Texas as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial statements contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Dickens County, Texas (the County) and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* and will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability (asset) and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions, schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios, and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering of the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bolinger, Segars, Gilbert & Moss LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Lubbock, Texas

March 6, 2023

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Dickens County, Texas' (the County) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

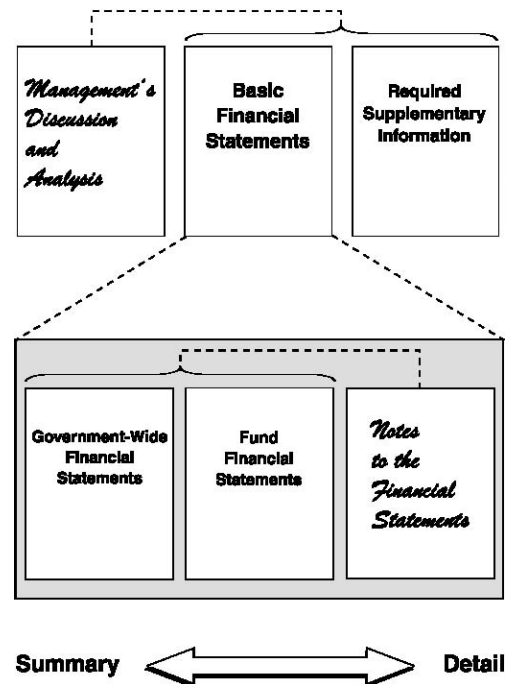
- The County's total combined net position was \$3,450,471 at September 30, 2022.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$5,562,924, of which \$237,448 is restricted by enabling legislation.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County:

- The first two statements are Government-Wide Financial Statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are Fund Financial Statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The Governmental Funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary Fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Figure A-1. Required Components of the County's Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the County's financial statements, including the portion of the County government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of Management's Discussion and Analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

**FIGURE A-2
MAJOR FEATURES OF THE COUNTY'S GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND STATEMENTS**

Type of Statement	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire County's government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the County that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Instances in which the County is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statements	Statement of net position	Balance Sheet	Statement of fiduciary net position
	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resource focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the custodial funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of flow/outflow	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services are received	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-Wide Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position (page 11) presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the County's financial position is improving or deteriorating when examined in conjunction with nonfinancial factors. The Statement of Activities (page 12) presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Both of these Government-Wide Financial Statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Governmental activities include County Judge, County Clerk, County Treasurer, Tax Assessor and Collector, County Sheriff, County Attorney, Justice of the Peace, Extension Office, building maintenance, County Court, District Court, Emergency Management Office, indigent health, General Administration, road and bridge, and prison facility. These activities are financed primarily by property taxes and grants.

The County does not have business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds – not the County as a whole. Funds are groupings of related accounts that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. The County, like other state and local governments, uses funds to show compliance with finance-related legal requirements as well as to control and manage money for other particular purposes. The County has two types of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

- *Governmental funds*—Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on short-term inflows and outflows of available resources and the balances of these resources that are available at the end of the year. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations can be found on pages in the basic financial statements section.

The County maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund statements for the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Caprock Regional Defender Grant Fund and Public Facility Corporation Fund.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been included with the audit report, see table of contents, to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

- *Fiduciary funds*—The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position as listed in the table of contents. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the Government-Wide Financial Statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

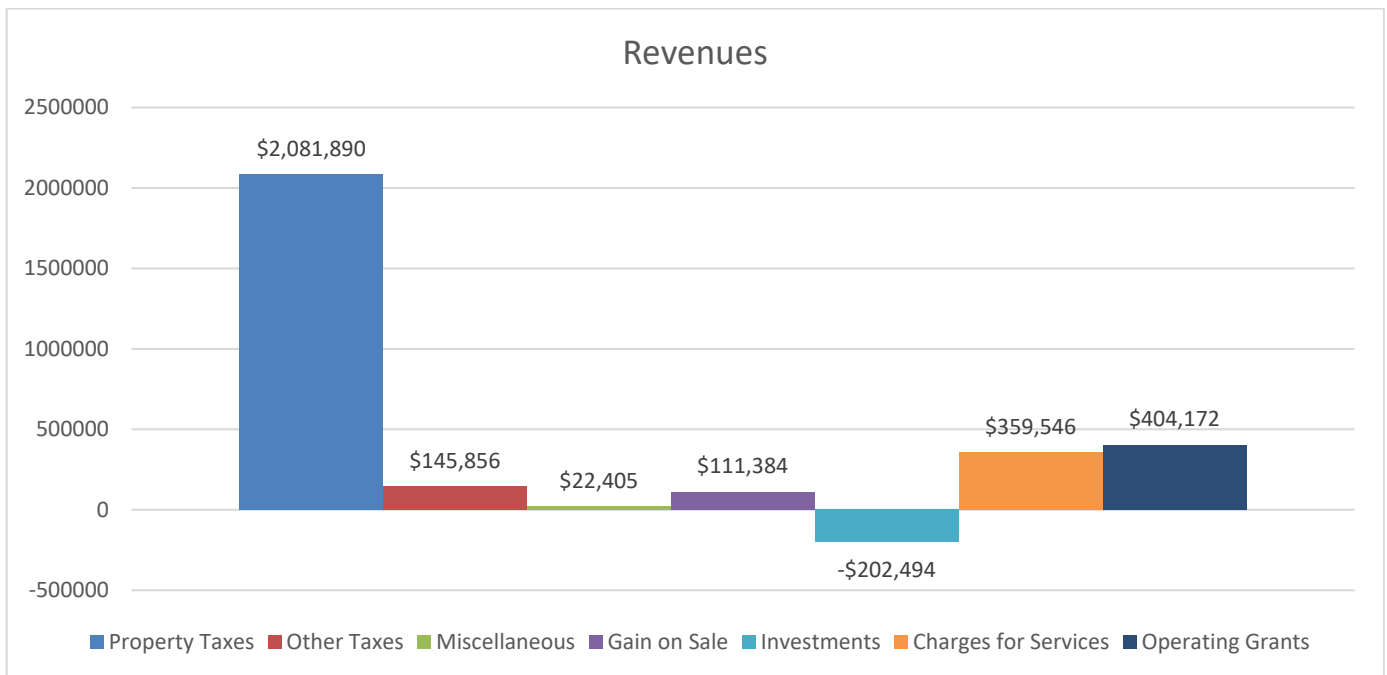
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

The County's combined net position was \$3,450,471 at September 30, 2022. The largest portion of the County's total assets (\$11,799,638) reflects its capital assets with the remainder (\$7,007,283) reported as cash, investments, accounts receivable, and other assets.

Table A-1
Dickens County's Net Position
(in thousands)

	Governmental Activities	
	2022	2021
Current and Other Assets	\$ 6,474	\$ 6,514
Capital and Non-Current Assets	12,333	12,072
Total Assets	\$ 18,807	\$ 18,586
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 242	\$ 417
Current Liabilities	\$ 4,798	\$ 4,813
Long-Term Liabilities	9,592	9,772
Total Liabilities	\$ 14,390	\$ 14,585
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,209	\$ 614
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ (2,288)	\$ (2,003)
Restricted	570	538
Unrestricted	5,168	5,269
Total Net Position	\$ 3,450	\$ 3,804

Changes in Net Position—The County’s net position decreased by \$353,136 during the current fiscal year. This decrease in net position from the prior year was mainly due to decreases in overall revenues and increase in expenses.



Governmental Activities—Total revenues for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022 were \$2,922,759. Approximately 9% of the County’s revenue comes from fines, fees, and charges for services, while 78% comes from property taxes and other taxes and 1% comes from payments in lieu of taxes. Investment earnings accounts for -7% of total revenues. Operating grants and contribution, sale of property, and miscellaneous revenue account for another 19% of total revenues.

Table A-2
Dickens County Changes in Net Position
(in thousands)

	Governmental Activities	
	2022	2021
Revenues:		
Program Revenues		
Fees, Fines, and Charge for Services	\$ 360	\$ 391
Operating Grants and Contributions	404	598
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	2,082	2,022
Other Taxes	131	81
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15	30
Investment Earnings	(202)	36
Gain on Sale of Real and Personal Property	111	166
Miscellaneous	22	35
Total Revenues	\$ 2,923	\$ 3,359
Expenses:		
County Judge	\$ 75	\$ 73
County Clerk	70	67
County Treasurer	55	54
Tax Assessor and Collector	86	85
County Sheriff	465	426
County Attorney	39	39
Justice of Peace	62	58
Extension Office	74	51
Building Maintenance	88	83
County Court	10	11
District Court	83	67
Emergency Management Office	20	19
Indigent Health	37	7
General Administration	1,065	1,199
Road and Bridge	1,035	966
Prison Facility	13	11
Total Expenses	\$ 3,277	\$ 3,216
Change in Net Position	\$ (354)	\$ 143
Beginning Net Position	3,804	3,661
Ending Net Position	\$ 3,450	\$ 3,804

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As of the end of the fiscal year, the County's General Fund reported a fund balance of \$5,562,924, a decrease of \$167,711 from the prior year. The unassigned fund balance is \$5,325,476 and is available for spending at the government's discretion. The County has \$237,448 that is restricted for enabling legislation.

As a measure of the fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 289% of total General Fund expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights — During the year ended September 30, 2022, actual expenditures were \$348,823 over final budgeted amounts. Revenues came in under the budget by \$516,537.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets — As of September 30, 2022, the County had invested approximately \$19 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, roads, bridges, equipment, a correctional facility, and leasehold improvements on the correctional facility.

Major events affecting capital assets during the year were:

- Purchase of a new motor grader with a trade in of an old motor grader
- Purchase of a diesel generator

More detailed information about the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Table A-3
Dickens County's Capital Assets
(in thousands)

	Governmental Activities	
	2022	2021
Land	\$ 115	\$ 115
Buildings and Improvements	3,878	3,878
Correctional Facility	10,622	10,622
Furniture and Equipment	224	224
Vehicles and Heavy Equipment	2,748	2,680
Leasehold Improvements	848	848
Infrastructure	844	844
Total	\$ 19,279	\$ 19,211
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 7,479	\$ 7,139
Net Capital Assets	\$ 11,800	\$ 12,072

Long-Term Debt — As of September 30, 2022, the Dickens County Public Facility Corporation (a blended component unit of the County) had \$9,420,000 outstanding on the Series 2001 Lease Revenue Bonds. See the notes to the basic financial statements for debt service requirements on the above outstanding debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The appraised value used for the 2022-2023 budget preparation is estimated to be \$283,063,020
- The tax rate established for 2023 is \$.8391, which is down from the prior year.

These factors and others were taken into consideration when preparing the General Fund budget for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

Revenues available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$2,392,203, a decrease of \$78,793 under the 2022 amended budget of \$2,470,996.

Budgeted expenditures are expected to increase approximately 9% over the 2022 amended budget of \$2,189,914 to \$2,392,203. The increase is expected to come from an increase in property tax revenues.

If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to remain the same.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Office of the Dickens County Treasurer, P.O. Box 108, Dickens, Texas 79229.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit A-1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	<u>Primary Government Governmental Activities</u>
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 67,079
Investments	6,251,077
Taxes Receivable, Net	22,353
Interest Receivable	9,969
Office Receivables, Net	56,949
Restricted Investments - Held by Trustee	66,246
Net Pension Asset	533,610
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation):	
Land	115,284
Infrastructure	127,198
Buildings and Improvements	2,932,270
Correctional Facility	7,347,221
Leasehold Improvements	350,623
Furniture & Equipment	92,630
Vehicles and Heavy Equipment	834,412
Total Assets	<u>\$ 18,806,921</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pension Plan - Employer Contributions Made after Measurement Period	\$ 87,862
Pension Plan - Difference in Projected and Actual Earnings	47,563
Pension Plan - Difference in Expected and Actual Experience	86,244
OPEB Plan - Employer Contributions Made after Measurement Period	3,648
OPEB Plan - Changes in Assumptions	16,509
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 241,826</u>
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 41,943
Accrued Interest Payable	4,733,550
Wages Payable	22,334
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Debt	9,420,000
Total OPEB Liability	166,072
Accrued Compensated Absences	5,681
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 14,389,580</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pension Plan - Changes in Assumptions	\$ 27,696
Pension Plan - Difference in Projected and Actual Earnings	776,390
OPEB Plan - Difference in Expected and Actual Experience	701
Unearned Revenue - Grant Proceeds	403,909
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$ 1,208,696</u>
NET POSITION:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ (2,287,666)
Restricted For:	
Enabling Legislation	238,354
Road and Bridge	331,933
Unrestricted	<u>5,167,850</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 3,450,471</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit A-2

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Departments/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>		<u>Net (Expense) and Changes in Net Position Primary Gov. Governmental Activities</u>
		<u>Fines, Fees & Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u>	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
Governmental Activities				
County Judge	\$ 74,623	\$	\$ 25,298	\$ (49,325)
County Clerk	69,736	51,442		(18,294)
County Treasurer	55,275			(55,275)
Tax Assessor and Collector	85,889			(85,889)
County Sheriff	464,806	14,125	10,632	(440,049)
County Attorney	38,856		28,333	(10,523)
Justice of Peace	61,617	72,735		11,118
Extension Office	74,130			(74,130)
Building Maintenance	87,830			(87,830)
County Court	10,013			(10,013)
District Court	83,009			(83,009)
Emergency Management Office	20,376			(20,376)
Indigent Health	36,858		4,300	(32,558)
General Administration	1,065,135	14,087	320,938	(730,110)
Road and Bridge	1,035,106	207,157	14,671	(813,278)
Prison Facility	12,636			(12,636)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ <u>3,275,895</u>	\$ <u>359,546</u>	\$ <u>404,172</u>	\$ <u>(2,512,177)</u>
General Revenues:				
Property Taxes				\$ 2,081,890
Other Taxes				130,721
Payments in Lieu of Taxes				15,135
Miscellaneous Revenue				22,317
Rents and Royalties				88
Gain on Sale of Real and Personal Property				111,384
Investment Earnings				(202,494)
Total General Revenues				\$ <u>2,159,041</u>
Change in Net Position				\$ (353,136)
Net Position - Beginning				<u>3,803,607</u>
Net Position - Ending				\$ <u><u>3,450,471</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit A-3

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Major Funds		Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit C-1)	Total Governmental Funds
	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund		
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 38,694	\$ 42	\$ 28,343	\$ 67,079
Investments	5,926,709	324,368		6,251,077
Investments - Held by Trustee			66,246	66,246
Taxes Receivable	18,408	3,945		22,353
Due from Other Funds		17,817	1,636	19,453
Accounts Receivable (Net)	42,549	3,244		45,793
Total Assets	<u>\$ 6,026,360</u>	<u>\$ 349,416</u>	<u>\$ 96,225</u>	<u>\$ 6,472,001</u>
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 6,868	\$ 6,002	\$ 29,073	\$ 41,943
Wages Payable	14,798	7,536		22,334
Due to Other Funds	19,453			19,453
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 41,119</u>	<u>\$ 13,538</u>	<u>\$ 29,073</u>	<u>\$ 83,730</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$ 18,408	\$ 3,945	\$	\$ 22,353
Unearned Revenue - Grant Proceeds	403,909			403,909
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$ 422,317</u>	<u>\$ 3,945</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 426,262</u>
FUND BALANCES:				
Restricted for:				
Enabling Legislation	\$ 237,448	\$	\$ 906	\$ 238,354
Prison Operations			66,246	66,246
Road and Bridge		331,933		331,933
Unassigned	5,325,476			5,325,476
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 5,562,924</u>	<u>\$ 331,933</u>	<u>\$ 67,152</u>	<u>\$ 5,962,009</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 6,026,360</u>	<u>\$ 349,416</u>	<u>\$ 96,225</u>	<u>\$ 6,472,001</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit A-4

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$	5,962,009
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (SNP) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		11,799,638
Revenues unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		22,353
Payables for notes payable which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(9,420,000)
Net pension liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows are not recognized in the governmental funds.		(48,807)
Total OPEB Liability and related deferred outflows are not reported in the funds.		(146,616)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(4,733,550)
Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(5,681)
To record the Justice of Peace and County/District Clerk fines receivable.		11,156
Interest receivable on investments is not recorded in the funds.		<u>9,969</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities - Statement of Net Position	\$	<u><u>3,450,471</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Major Funds		Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit C-2)	Total Governmental Funds
	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund		
Revenue:				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,719,828	\$ 365,535	\$	\$ 2,085,363
Other Taxes	130,721			130,721
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15,135			15,135
License and Permits		134,399		134,399
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	114,501	14,671	275,000	404,172
Charges for Services	142,544	35,798		178,342
Fines and Fees	8,834	36,960		45,794
Investment Earnings (Loss)	(197,762)	1,568	116	(196,078)
Rents and Royalties	88			88
Other Revenue	20,570	1,747		22,317
Total Revenues	\$ 1,954,459	\$ 590,678	\$ 275,116	\$ 2,820,253
Expenditures:				
Current:				
County Judge	\$ 74,995	\$	\$	\$ 74,995
County Clerk	69,736			69,736
County Treasurer	55,275			55,275
Tax Assessor and Collector	85,829			85,829
County Sheriff	380,993			380,993
County Attorney	38,856			38,856
Justice of Peace	44,642			44,642
Extension Office	74,071			74,071
Building Maintenance	88,397			88,397
County Court	10,013			10,013
District Court	83,009			83,009
Emergency Management Office	20,376			20,376
Indigent Health	36,858			36,858
General Administration	778,041		275,000	1,053,041
Road and Bridge		753,315		753,315
Special Road and Bridge		254,799		254,799
Prison Facility			12,636	12,636
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,841,091	\$ 1,008,114	\$ 287,636	\$ 3,136,841
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 113,368	\$ (417,436)	\$ (12,520)	\$ (316,588)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers	\$ (281,079)	\$ 281,079	\$	\$
Proceeds from Sale of Real and Personal Property		158,058		158,058
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (281,079)	\$ 439,137	\$ 0	\$ 158,058
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (167,711)	\$ 21,701	\$ (12,520)	\$ (158,530)
Fund Balances - Beginning	5,730,635	310,232	79,672	6,120,539
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 5,562,924	\$ 331,933	\$ 67,152	\$ 5,962,009

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit A-6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (158,530)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (SOA) are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	321,130
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(546,402)
The loss from the disposition of a capital asset is not recorded in the funds.	(46,674)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(3,473)
To record the change in the Justice of the Peace and County/District Clerk fines receivable.	1,011
The change in accrued interest income on investments is reflected in the SOA.	(6,416)
Net change in pension expense to convert amounts paid in for the governmental funds to accrued pension expense for governmental activities.	97,973
OPEB Expense is not accrued in the funds related to the Total OPEB liability and Deferred Outflows.	(13,796)
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds.	<u>2,041</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities - Statement of Activities	<u>\$ (353,136)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit A-7

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
ASSETS:	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ <u>144,449</u>
Total Current Assets	\$ <u><u>144,449</u></u>
 NET POSITION:	
Unrestricted Net Position	\$ <u>144,449</u>
Total Net Position	\$ <u><u>144,449</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit A-8

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
ADDITIONS:	
Tax Levy and Adjustments	\$ 5,494,235
Fines and Fees Collected for Other Governments	330,241
Other	19,533
	<u>\$ 5,844,009</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Distributions	\$ 5,525,010
Fines and Fees Collected for Other Governments	331,729
Other	13,330
	<u>\$ 5,870,069</u>
Change in Net Position	\$ (26,060)
NET POSITION	
October 1, 2021 (Beginning)	<u>170,509</u>
September 30, 2022 (Ending)	<u><u>\$ 144,449</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The authority of county governments and their specific functions and responsibilities are created by and are dependent upon laws and legal regulations of the Texas State Constitution and Vernon’s Annotated Civil Statutes (V.A.C.S.).

Dickens County, Texas (the County) operates under a County Judge/Commissioners’ Court type of government as provided by state statute. The financial and reporting policies of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. GAAP for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which includes all statements and interpretations of the National Council on Governmental Accounting unless modified by the GASB, and those principles prescribed by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled Audits of State and Local Governmental Units.

The Commissioners’ Court has governance responsibilities over all activities related to Dickens County, Texas. The County receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities; however, the County is not included in any other governmental “reporting entity” as defined by GASB, Statement No. 61, “The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34”. There is one blended component unit included within the reporting entity.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. The blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is in substance part of the County’s operations. Therefore, data from this unit is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. The blended component unit is described below and discussed further in Footnote I. The County has no discretely presented component units.

The following table describes the County’s component unit:

Table with 4 columns: Component Unit, Description: Criteria for Inclusion, Reporting Method, For Separate Financial Statements. Row 1: Dickens County Public Facility Corporation, Formed to Finance the Acquisition of the Dickens County Correctional Facility, Blended, Not Available.

The County’s major activities or functions include public safety (sheriff and ambulance), parks and libraries, public health and social services, construction and maintenance of roads, and general administrative services.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the County's non-fiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, fines and fees, grants and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include: a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the program, and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due from on the governmental fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for County operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The County considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds (other funds).

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The Government-Wide Financial Statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or expected to be collected within 60 days after year end and be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Exceptions to this general rule include unmatured principal and interest on general long-term obligations which are recognized when due. This exception is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Property tax revenues and sales tax receipts are considered measurable and available when collected by the respective intermediary collecting agency and recognized as revenue at that time. Property tax revenues are considered measurable at the time of levy and are recognized as deferred revenue and taxes receivable, net of an allowance for estimated uncollectible taxes, at that time. Property tax revenues are considered available if collected within 60 days subsequent to year end. However, the amount of taxes collected in the period 60 days subsequent to year end are considered immaterial and not recorded as current year revenue. All tax collections expected to be received subsequent to year end are, therefore, reported as deferred revenues. Licenses and permits, fines and forfeits, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded on the accrual basis in all funds.

Intergovernmental revenues are recorded on a basis applicable to the legal and contractual requirements of the individual grant programs. If funds must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the County, revenues are recognized as the expenditures or expenses are recorded. If funds are virtually unrestricted and irrevocable, except for failure to comply with required compliance requirements, revenues are recognized when received or susceptible to accrual. Federal and State grants awarded on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. All other federal reimbursable-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred.

Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The County applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The County applies GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions for classifying governmental fund balances into specifically defined classifications. Classifications are hierarchical and are based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which the amounts in the funds may be spent. Application of the Statement requires the County to classify and report amounts in the appropriate fund balance classifications. The County's accounting and finance policies are used to interpret the nature and/or requirements of the funds and their corresponding assignment of restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. From interpretation of the adopted policy the County will spend its fund in the following order: Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned, if more than one classification of fund balance is available.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The County reports the following classifications:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – such as inventory or prepaid insurance or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact – such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.

Restricted Fund Balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Restrictions are placed on fund balances when legally enforceable legislation establishes the County's right to assess, levy, or charge fees to be used for a specific purpose – such as the County's property tax revenue for debt service requirements, which must be used to repay debt. Legal enforceability means that the County can be compelled by an external party to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by the Commissioners' Court. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Commissioners' Court removes those constraints by taking the same type of actions (legislation, resolution, and ordinance). Committed fund balances include non-liquidated encumbrances at year end that are carried forward to the next fiscal year. Amounts in the committed fund balance classification may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Commissioners' Court. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the County Treasurer or (b) an appointed body or official to which the Commissioners' Court has delegated the authority to assign, modify, or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Assigned fund balance includes (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the General Fund) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed, and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund, are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type. Assignment with the General Fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for specific purposes that are narrower than the general purposes of the County itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents the General Fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. County funds do not include funds held by County offices, which are not yet remitted to the County Treasurer. County funds are amounts which have been received by the County Treasurer and which are subject to control by the Commissioners' Court. These various County funds, which are reported as Governmental Funds in the financial statements of this report, are grouped into six fund types: General Fund, Public Facility Corporation Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Special Grants Fund, Payroll Fund, and the Caprock Regional Defender Grant Fund. The remaining funds held by other County offices are reported as Fiduciary Funds and are not subject to control by the Commissioners' Court.

The County maintains the following funds:

Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund – This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with the legally adopted budget of the County.

Road and Bridge Fund – This special revenue fund is used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally reserved for expenditures for public transportation for county citizens.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Public Facility Corporation – This special revenue fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources related to the operation of the prison assets, as well as, the payment of, the principal and interest on the tax-exempt lease revenue bonds issued by the Dickens County Public Facility Corporation.

Caprock Regional Defender Grant Fund – This special revenue fund is used to account for intergovernmental revenues received and passed-through to the sub-recipient.

Payroll Fund – Accounts for payments of Payroll Deductions and Employee Benefits.

Special Grants Fund – Accounts for special revenues related to grant agreements.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary Funds, which include funds held by County offices, also are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other government, and/or other funds. These include Custodial Funds, which are required to recognize revenues and expenses and maintain a net position.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1. Capital assets include land, buildings, furniture and equipment and are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects when constructed.

Buildings, vehicles, furniture and equipment, and infrastructure of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	10-20
Furniture and Equipment	5-10
Vehicles and Heavy Equipment	7-10
Leasehold Improvements	13
Correctional Facility	30
Infrastructure	30

- 2. The County provides statutory workers' compensation insurance for its employees through Texas Association of Counties (TAC), a joint insurance fund, in which the County is a member. Health insurance is provided to the County's employees through a licensed insurer paid by the County.

F. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

- 1. In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.
- 2. In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet/statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one type of this item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

G. TRANSFERS

The County budgeted transfers from the general fund to the road and bridge fund in the amount of \$281,079 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

II. PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes are levied by October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

Legislation was passed in 1979 and amended in 1981 by the Texas Legislature that affects the methods of property assessment and tax collection in the County. This legislation, with certain exceptions, exempts intangible personal property, household goods and family-owned automobiles from taxation. In addition, this legislation creates a "Property Tax Code" and provides, among other things, for the establishment of county wide Appraisal Districts and for the State Property Tax Board which commenced operation in January 1980.

The County is permitted by Article 8, Section 9 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$0.80 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. The tax rates assessed for the year ended September 30, 2022 to finance maintenance and operations of the County was \$.85000 per \$100 valuation.

The County's taxes on real property are a lien against such property until paid. The County may foreclose real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. Although the County makes little effort to collect delinquent taxes through foreclosure proceedings, delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title on property.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the County's cash and cash equivalents was \$67,079 and the bank balance was \$136,043.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) (The Act) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy.

That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The carrying value of investments at September 30, 2022 was \$6,251,077. The investments consist of:

	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Market Value</u>
TexPool	\$ 1	\$ 1
Certificates of Deposit - Spur Security Bank	2,777,100	2,777,100
Certificates of Deposit - UBS	2,696,588	2,537,524
Government Securities - UBS	989,920	925,146
Money Market - UBS	<u>11,306</u>	<u>11,306</u>
	<u>\$ 6,474,915</u>	<u>\$ 6,251,077</u>

The carrying value of the restricted investments - held by trustee (US Bank) at September 30, 2022 was \$66,246. The restricted investments consist of:

	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Market Value</u>
US Bank Money Market Account	<u>\$ 66,246</u>	<u>\$ 66,246</u>

Investments, including derivative instruments that are not hedging derivatives, are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board require or permit in the statements at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The County's investments as of September 30, 2022 were all considered Level 1 and 2.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County’s deposits may not be returned to it. The County was exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year end and during the year ended September 30, 2022 were not entirely covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County’s agent bank in the County’s name.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Thus positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The County’s securities are all in securities backed by the United States of America and are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Other Credit Risk: This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To minimize credit risk, TexPool’s investment policy allows the portfolio’s investment manager to only invest in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies’ repurchase agreements; and no-load AAAM money market mutual funds registered with the SEC. As of September 30, 2022 TexPool’s investments credit quality rating was AAAM (Standard & Pool’s).

B. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2022, were as follows:

Table with 4 columns: Governmental Activities, Property Tax Receivable, Office Receivables, Total Receivables. Rows include General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles, and Total - Governmental.

Payables at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Governmental Activities, Accounts Payable. Rows include General Fund and Combining Funds, Road and Bridge Fund, and Total - Governmental.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the County for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2022
Governmental Activities				
Land	\$ 115,284	\$	\$	\$ 115,284
Buildings and Improvements	3,878,113			3,878,113
Correctional Facility	10,622,488			10,622,488
Furniture and Equipment	224,140			224,140
Vehicles and Heavy Equipment	2,679,506	321,130	(253,726)	2,746,910
Leasehold Improvements	848,062			848,062
Infrastructure	843,532			843,532
Totals at Historic Cost	<u>\$ 19,211,125</u>	<u>\$ 321,130</u>	<u>\$ (253,726)</u>	<u>\$ 19,278,529</u>
	Balance October 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2022
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvement	\$ 854,655	\$ 91,188	\$	\$ 945,843
Correctional Facility	3,275,267			3,275,267
Furniture and Equipment	115,503	16,007		131,510
Vehicles and Heavy Equipment	1,757,390	362,160	(207,052)	1,912,498
Leasehold Improvements	430,176	67,263		497,439
Infrastructure	706,550	9,784		716,334
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>\$ 7,139,541</u>	<u>\$ 546,402</u>	<u>\$ (207,052)</u>	<u>\$ 7,478,891</u>
Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>\$ 12,071,584</u>	<u>\$ (225,272)</u>	<u>\$ (46,674)</u>	<u>\$ 11,799,638</u>

Current year depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

County Sheriff	\$ 83,886
Justice of Peace	16,975
General Administration	88,095
Road and Bridge	<u>357,446</u>
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 546,402</u>

The County is no longer depreciating the correctional facility and leasehold improvement capital assets related to the Dickens County Correctional Facility – Public Facility Corporation. See Note I for additional information.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

D. ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accumulated unpaid leave amounts are not accrued in governmental funds using the modified accrual basis of accounting, but are reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. At September 30, 2022, accrued employee benefits recorded on the Statement of Net Position were for vacation pay in the amount of \$5,681.

E. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt includes the Series 2001 Lease Revenue Bonds.

Series 2001 Lease Revenue Bonds:

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2001, the Dickens County Public Facility Corporation, a blended component unit of the County, issued tax-exempt lease revenue bonds in the amount of \$13,015,000 to acquire the Dickens County Correctional Facility.

<u>Date of Issue</u>	<u>Original Issue</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Outstanding</u>
8/1/2001	\$ 13,015,000	8.125%-8.375%	10/1/2021	\$ 9,420,000

The Trustee for the Dickens County Public Facility Corp. (the Facility) was unable to make payments to the bond holders during the year ended September 30, 2022, due to not having sufficient funds in the bond reserve fund. See Note I for additional information on the operations of the Facility.

F. RISK MANAGEMENT

Worker’s Compensation

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 employees of the County were covered by a worker’s compensation plan administered by TAC. The County paid a contribution of \$10,914 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. These figures are subject to change based upon actual payroll figures.

Health Care

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, employees of the County were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The County paid \$868 of the employee’s monthly premiums. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement. The cost to the County for the year ended September 30, 2022 was \$242,759.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

G. RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description:

The County provides retirement, disability and death benefits (the Group Term Life program – See Note H) for all of its full time employees through a non-traditional defined benefit pension plan in the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 830 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) on a calendar basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The Plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS. Members can retire at ages 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service.

Members are vested after eight years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee’s contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer’s commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee’s accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the TCDRS fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued ACFR that includes financial statements and required supplementary information mentioned in the above section.

The information provided by TCDRS shows the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position for the County as of December 31, 2021:

<u>Net Pension Liability (Asset)</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$ 5,432,574
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u>5,966,184</u>
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	<u>\$ (533,610)</u>
Net Position as Percentage of Total Pension Liability	-109.82%

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Benefits Provided:

TCDRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries). The normal service retirement is at age 60 with eight years of credited service, when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 75 or more years, or after 30 years of service regardless of age. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Contributions:

The Plan is funded by monthly contributions from employee deposits and from employer contributions based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the variable rate plan provisions, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method.

The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2021 included (a) a 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), and (b) a projected salary increase of 4.60%. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.5%. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The employer contribution rate was 11.56% for 2022 and 2021. The deposit rate payable by employee members is the rate of 7.00% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS.

	Contribution Rates	
	2022	2021
Member	7.00%	7.00%
Employer	11.56%	11.56%
2021 Employer Contributions	\$	131,414
2021 Member Contributions	\$	79,575

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	
Smoothing Period	Five Years
Recognition Method	Non-Asymptotic
Corridor	None
Remaining Amortization Period	7.9 Years
Discount Rate	7.60%
Long-Term Expected Investment	
Rate of Return*	7.60%
Salary Increases*	3.25% - 4.90%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.25%

**Includes Inflation of 2.50%*

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of the County's workforce and estimate of benefits it will pay its employees. The economic and demographic assumptions have been established based on the 2021 experience study for TCDRS, details of which can be found in the 2021 Investigation and Experience Report on the TCDRS website.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the systems target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation**	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return*
U.S. Equities	11.50%	3.80%
Global Equities	2.50%	4.10%
International Equities - Developed	5.00%	3.80%
International Equities - Emerging	6.00%	4.30%
Investment-Grade Bonds	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	9.00%	1.77%
Direct Lending	16.00%	6.25%
Distressed Debt	4.00%	4.50%
REIT Equities	2.00%	3.10%
Master Limited Partnerships	2.00%	3.85%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	6.00%	5.10%
Private Equity	25.00%	6.80%
Hedge Funds	6.00%	1.55%
Cash Equivalents	2.00%	-1.05%
Total	100.00%	

* - Geometric real rates of return in addition to assumed inflation of 2.60%, per Cliffwater's 2022 capital market assumptions

** - Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2022 TCDRS Board Meeting

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis:

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Asset if the discount rate used was one percent less than and one percent greater than the discount rate that was used (7.60%) in measuring the 2021 Net Pension Asset.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.60%)	Discount Rate (7.60%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.60%)
Total Pension Liability	\$ 5,990,262	\$ 5,432,574	\$ 4,951,822
Fiduciary Net Position	5,966,184	5,966,184	5,966,184
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 24,078	\$ (533,610)	\$ (1,014,362)

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At December 31, 2021, the County reported an asset of \$533,610 for its proportionate share of the TCDRS net pension asset.

The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021.

For the plan year ended December 31, 2021, there were no changes in plan provisions.

At December 31, 2021, the County reported its proportionate share of the TCDRS deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$ 47,563
Changes in Assumptions	(27,696)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings	(690,146)
Contributions Paid to TCDRS Subsequent to the Measurement Date	87,862
Total	<u>\$ (582,417)</u>

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Amortization of Deferred Resources
2022	\$ (40,798)
2023	(234,769)
2024	(164,558)
2025	(142,292)
2026	0
Thereafter	0

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

At December 31, 2021, the County reported deferred resource outflows for the TCDRS pension plan as follows:

	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
Total Net Amounts as of December 31, 2020 Measurement Date	\$ 41,047
Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date	87,862
Contributions Made Prior to the Measurement Date	(97,436)
Net Deferred (Inflows)/Outflows related to the year ended December 31, 2021	(671,727)
Amortization of Deferred Inflows/(Outflows)	57,837
Total Net Amounts as of December 31, 2021	\$ <u><u>(582,417)</u></u>

Pension Expense:

Pension expense for the plan for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$23,866 and was calculated as follows:

	Pension Expense
Service Cost	\$ 138,173
Interest on Total Pension Liability	393,743
Administrative Expenses	3,228
Member Contributions	(79,575)
Expected Investment Return Net of Investment Expenses	(376,615)
Amortization of Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources	(57,837)
Other	2,749
Total Amount as of December 31, 2021	\$ <u><u>23,866</u></u>

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the plan reported the following regarding employees covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	36
Inactive Employees Entitled to but not Yet Receiving Benefits	47
Active Employees	<u>33</u>
Total Plan Employees	<u><u>116</u></u>

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

H. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description:

The County participates in the Group Term Life (GTL) program for the TCDRS, which is a statewide, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system. All full-time and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year and are eligible for the TCDRS pension plan. Only employers that have elected to participate in the GTL program are included in the OPEB plan.

Benefits Provided:

The plan provides a \$5,000 post-retirement death benefit to beneficiaries of service retirees and disability retirees of employers that have elected participation in the GTL program. The OPEB benefit is a fixed \$5,000 lump-sum benefit and no future increases are assumed in the benefit amount.

Contributions made to the retiree GTL program are held in the GTL fund. The GTL fund does not meet the requirements of a trust under Paragraph 4b of GASB 75, as the assets of the GTL fund can be used to pay active GTL benefits which are not part of the OPEB plan. The contributions for retiree GTL coverage are assigned to the OPEB plan under GASB 75 and are used to determine the benefit payments shown in the changes in the total OPEB liability.

Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. Participation in the retiree GTL program is optional and the employer may elect to opt out of (or opt into) coverage as of January 1 each year. The County's contribution rate for the retiree GTL program is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, and is equal to the cost of providing a one-year death benefit equal to \$5,000.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	29
Inactive Employees Entitled to but not Yet Receiving Benefits	9
Active Employees	<u>33</u>
Total Plan Employees	<u><u>71</u></u>

Total OPEB Liability:

The County's total OPEB liability of \$166,072 was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	
Recognition of economic/demographic gains and losses and assumptions changes or inputs	Straight-Line Amortization over Expected Working Life
Investment Rate of Return (Discount Rate)	2.06%
	20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of December 31, 2021

The TCDRS GTL program is treated as unfunded OPEB plan because the GTL trust covers both actives and retirees and the assets are not segregated for these groups. Under GASB 75 (paragraph 155), the discount rate for an unfunded OPEB plan should be based on 20-year tax-exempt AA or higher Municipal Bonds. Therefore, a discount rate of 2.06% based on the 20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com is used as of the measurement date of December 31, 2021.

Mortality rates were based on the following criteria:

Depositing Members	135% of Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Service Retirees, Beneficiaries and Non-Depositing Members	135% of Pub-2010 General Healthy Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Healthy Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Disabled Retirees	160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

All actuarial assumptions that determined the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2021 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 - December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 75.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$	156,317
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		6,639
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		3,404
Effect of Economic/Demographic Experience		1,137
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs		3,350
Benefit Payments		<u>(4,775)</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	<u>166,072</u>

Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.12% in 2020 to 2.06% in 2021.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Sensitivity Analysis:

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 2.06%, as well as what the Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.06%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.06%) than the current rate. Note that the healthcare cost trend rate does not affect the Total OPEB Liability, so sensitivity to the healthcare cost trend rate is not shown.

	<u>1% Decrease in Discount Rate (1.06%)</u>	<u>Discount Rate (2.06%)</u>	<u>1% Increase in Discount Rate (3.06%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ <u>197,276</u>	\$ <u>166,072</u>	\$ <u>141,617</u>

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$18,679. At September 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Table with 2 columns: Description, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources. Rows include Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience, Changes in Assumptions, and Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date.

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Year, Amortization of Deferred Resources. Rows list years from 2022 to Thereafter.

I. BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

The County leases the Dickens County Correctional Facility (the Facility) from Dickens County Public Facility Corporation (the Corporation), a legally separate non-profit public corporation. The Corporation purchased the Facility through the issuance of Tax-Exempt Lease Revenue Bonds (the Bonds). The County has no obligation relating to the payments under the Bonds. The Bonds are solely payable from the revenue generated from the Facility.

Operations of the Dickens County Correctional Facility (the Facility) was under an operational contract with Community Education Centers, Inc. (CEC) which expired on January 1, 2011. The contract with CEC was not renewed and the County has not contracted with any other operators to run the Facility. The Facility has been vacant of inmate population since January 1, 2011 when operations under the previous CEC contract ceased.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

J. TAX ABATEMENT

The County has entered into a ten-year agreement allowed for under Texas State Law for the abatement of property taxes with a company that constructed a transmission line within the County's jurisdiction. This abatement runs through the 2026 tax year. The tax abatement commenced on January 1, 2017. As part of the agreement, the company will pay the County \$1,500 per mile of transmission line for 10 years in lieu of taxes.

K. LITIGATION AND COMMITMENTS

There is no pending litigation against the County at September 30, 2022, that would have a material effect on the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit B-1

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION
LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	12/31/2014	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2021
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY								
Service Cost	\$ 119,918	\$ 118,700	\$ 133,444	\$ 128,036	\$ 123,058	\$ 122,633	\$ 133,734	\$ 138,173
Interest Cost	300,272	313,214	328,758	345,467	356,812	370,606	386,003	393,743
Effect of Plan Changes	(8,043)	(8,043)						
Effect of Economic/Demographic Losses	(39,761)	(3,869)	(42,872)	(77,415)	(1,457)	15,902	13,350	95,126
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs		49,580		37,369			230,431	(55,393)
Benefit Payments/Refunds of Contributions	(228,274)	(253,043)	(276,508)	(274,772)	(302,603)	(312,983)	(348,024)	(356,925)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 152,155	\$ 216,539	\$ 142,822	\$ 158,685	\$ 175,810	\$ 196,158	\$ 415,494	\$ 214,724
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	3,760,187	3,912,342	4,128,881	4,271,703	4,430,388	4,606,198	4,802,356	5,217,850
Total Pension Liability, Ending	\$ 3,912,342	\$ 4,128,881	\$ 4,271,703	\$ 4,430,388	\$ 4,606,198	\$ 4,802,356	\$ 5,217,850	\$ 5,432,574
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION								
Employer Contributions	\$ 106,274	\$ 111,547	\$ 111,407	\$ 113,938	\$ 113,519	\$ 119,232	\$ 118,365	\$ 131,414
Member Contributions	64,852	67,545	67,461	68,993	68,740	72,199	71,671	79,575
Investment Income, Net of Expenses	244,901	39,105	274,646	566,953	(82,668)	682,580	486,219	1,088,075
Benefit Payments/Refunds of Contributions	(228,274)	(253,043)	(276,508)	(274,772)	(302,603)	(312,983)	(348,024)	(356,925)
Administrative Expenses	(2,803)	(2,677)	(2,995)	(2,903)	(3,338)	(3,589)	(3,681)	(3,228)
Other	(21,929)	37,161	(2,872)	(1,258)	(3,145)	(3,506)	(4,208)	(2,750)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 163,021	\$ (362)	\$ 171,139	\$ 470,951	\$ (209,495)	\$ 553,933	\$ 320,342	\$ 936,161
Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	3,560,494	3,723,515	3,723,153	3,894,292	4,365,243	4,155,748	4,709,681	5,030,023
Fiduciary Net Position, Ending	\$ 3,723,515	\$ 3,723,153	\$ 3,894,292	\$ 4,365,243	\$ 4,155,748	\$ 4,709,681	\$ 5,030,023	\$ 5,966,184
NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)	\$ 188,827	\$ 405,728	\$ 377,411	\$ 65,145	\$ 450,450	\$ 92,675	\$ 187,827	\$ (533,610)
Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	95.17%	90.17%	91.16%	98.53%	90.22%	98.07%	96.40%	109.82%
County's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 924,619	\$ 964,928	\$ 963,724	\$ 985,621	\$ 981,998	\$ 1,031,413	\$ 1,023,865	\$ 1,136,792
Net Pension Liability/Asset as a % of Covered-Employee Payroll	20.42%	42.05%	39.16%	6.61%	45.87%	8.99%	18.34%	-46.94%

Note: Only eight years of data are presented in accordance with GASBS #68, paragraph 138.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit B-2

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Year Ending September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll (1)	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2015	\$ 110,611	\$ 110,611	\$ 0	\$ 958,009	11.55%
2016	111,546	111,546	0	964,926	11.56%
2017	113,153	113,153	0	978,930	11.56%
2018	113,602	113,602	0	982,721	11.56%
2019	115,740	115,740	0	1,001,215	11.56%
2020	117,473	117,473	0	1,016,156	11.56%
2021	129,240	129,240	0	1,117,994	11.56%
2022	121,840	121,840	0	1,054,782	11.55%

Note: Only eight years of data are presented in accordance with GASBS #68, paragraph 138.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS
SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFIT FUND

Exhibit B-3

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	<u>12/31/2021</u>	<u>12/31/2020</u>	<u>12/31/2019</u>	<u>12/31/2018</u>	<u>12/31/2017</u>
	Total OPEB Liability	Total OPEB Liability	Total OPEB Liability	Total OPEB Liability	Total OPEB Liability
Service Cost	\$ 6,639	\$ 5,587	\$ 3,730	\$ 4,588	\$ 4,527
Interest	3,404	3,805	4,715	4,095	4,489
Benefit Payments	(4,775)	(5,119)	(5,363)	(5,401)	(5,914)
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	1,137	779	(7,392)	5,500	(6,987)
Changes in Assumptions	<u>3,350</u>	<u>15,446</u>	<u>26,216</u>	<u>(11,995)</u>	<u>3,841</u>
Net Change	\$ 9,755	\$ 20,498	\$ 21,906	\$ (3,213)	\$ (44)
Beginning Balance	<u>156,317</u>	<u>135,819</u>	<u>113,913</u>	<u>117,126</u>	<u>117,170</u>
Ending Balance	\$ <u>166,072</u>	\$ <u>156,317</u>	\$ <u>135,819</u>	\$ <u>113,913</u>	\$ <u>117,126</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ <u>166,072</u>	\$ <u>156,317</u>	\$ <u>135,819</u>	\$ <u>113,913</u>	\$ <u>117,126</u>
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1,136,792	\$ 1,023,865	\$ 1,031,413	\$ 981,998	\$ 985,621
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	14.61%	15.27%	13.17%	11.60%	11.88%

Note: Only five years of GASB 75 Data Available as of 12/31/2021. The remaining five years of data will be built on a go forward basis.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit B-4

BUDGETARY COMPARISON - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	(Unaudited) Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenue:				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,699,338	\$ 1,699,338	\$ 1,719,828	\$ 20,490
Other Taxes	69,700	69,700	130,721	61,021
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15,000	15,000	15,135	135
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	272,163	272,163	114,501	(157,662)
Licenses and Permits	120	120		(120)
Charges for Services	181,550	181,550	142,544	(39,006)
Fines and Fees	7,350	7,350	8,834	1,484
Investment Earnings	65,000	65,000	(197,762)	(262,762)
Rents and Royalties	500	500	88	(412)
Other Revenue	160,275	160,275	20,570	(139,705)
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 2,470,996</u>	<u>\$ 2,470,996</u>	<u>\$ 1,954,459</u>	<u>\$ (516,537)</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
County Judge	\$ 79,130	\$ 79,130	\$ 74,995	\$ 4,135
County Clerk	77,523	77,523	69,736	7,787
County Treasurer	58,786	58,786	55,275	3,511
Tax Assessor and Collector	89,016	89,016	85,829	3,187
County Sheriff	334,103	334,103	380,993	(46,890)
County Attorney	39,590	39,590	38,856	734
Justice of Peace	45,803	45,803	44,642	1,161
Extension Office	74,132	74,132	74,071	61
Building Maintenance	82,732	82,732	88,397	(5,665)
County Court	32,110	32,110	10,013	22,097
District Court	84,661	84,661	83,009	1,652
Emergency Management Office	22,432	22,432	20,376	2,056
Indigent Health	134,891	134,891	36,858	98,033
General Administration	1,035,005	1,035,005	778,041	256,964
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 2,189,914</u>	<u>\$ 2,189,914</u>	<u>\$ 1,841,091</u>	<u>\$ 348,823</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>\$ 281,082</u>	<u>\$ 281,082</u>	<u>\$ 113,368</u>	<u>\$ (167,714)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	<u>\$ (281,079)</u>	<u>\$ (281,079)</u>	<u>\$ (281,079)</u>	<u>\$</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>\$ (281,079)</u>	<u>\$ (281,079)</u>	<u>\$ (281,079)</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ (167,711)	<u>\$ (167,714)</u>
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>5,730,635</u>	<u>5,730,635</u>	<u>5,730,635</u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 5,730,638</u>	<u>\$ 5,730,638</u>	<u>\$ 5,562,924</u>	

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit B-5

BUDGETARY COMPARISON - ROAD & BRIDGE FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	(Unaudited) Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenue:				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ 361,314	\$ 361,314	\$ 365,535	\$ 4,221
License and Permits	140,000	140,000	134,399	(5,601)
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	15,000	15,000	14,671	(329)
Charges for Services	17,000	17,000	35,798	18,798
Fines and Fees	32,000	32,000	36,960	4,960
Investment Earnings	1,000	1,000	1,568	568
Other Revenue	500	500	1,747	1,247
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 566,814</u>	<u>\$ 566,814</u>	<u>\$ 590,678</u>	<u>\$ 23,864</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Road & Bridge	\$ 592,935	\$ 592,935	\$ 753,315	\$ (160,380)
Special Road & Bridge	255,959	255,959	254,799	1,160
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 848,894</u>	<u>\$ 848,894</u>	<u>\$ 1,008,114</u>	<u>\$ (159,220)</u>
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	<u>\$ (282,080)</u>	<u>\$ (282,080)</u>	<u>\$ (417,436)</u>	<u>\$ (135,356)</u>
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers In	\$ 281,079	\$ 281,079	\$ 281,079	\$
Sale of Real and Personal Property	1,000	1,000	158,058	157,058
Total Other Financing Sources	<u>\$ 282,079</u>	<u>\$ 282,079</u>	<u>\$ 439,137</u>	<u>\$ 157,058</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (1)	\$ (1)	\$ 21,701	<u>\$ 21,702</u>
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>310,232</u>	<u>310,232</u>	<u>310,232</u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 310,231</u>	<u>\$ 310,231</u>	<u>\$ 331,933</u>	

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

A. PENSION PLAN

CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

There were new inflation, mortality, and other assumptions that affected the measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

B. BUDGETARY DATA

The County follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

1. The County Judge, as budget officer, prepares a budget to cover all proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, for the succeeding year and delivers the proposed budget to Commissioners' Court.
2. Commissioners' Court holds budget sessions with each department head.
3. Commissioners' Court holds budget hearings for the public at which all interested persons' comments concerning the budget are heard.
4. Commissioners' Court formally adopts the budget in the open court meeting.
5. The adopted budget becomes the authorization for all legal expenditures for the County for the fiscal year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
6. The formally adopted budget may legally be amended by Commissioners' in accordance with article 689A-11 or 689A-20 of Vernon's Annotated Civil Statutes.

An appropriate resolution (the appropriated budget) to control the level of expenditures must be legally enacted on or about September 1. The County maintains its legal level of budgetary control at the department level. Amendments to the 2021-2022 budget were approved by the Commissioners' Court as provided by law.

All expenditures in excess of appropriations are covered by unrestricted general fund balances.

COMBINING STATEMENTS

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit C-1

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Public Facility Corporation Fund	Payroll Fund	Caprock Regional Defender Grant Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	\$ 27,437	\$ 906	\$ 28,343
Investments - Held by Trustee	66,246			66,246
Due from Other Funds		1,636		1,636
Total Assets	<u>\$ 66,246</u>	<u>\$ 29,073</u>	<u>\$ 906</u>	<u>\$ 96,225</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$	\$ 29,073	\$	\$ 29,073
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 29,073</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 29,073</u>
FUND BALANCES:				
Restricted for:				
Prison Operations	\$ 66,246	\$	\$	\$ 66,246
Enabling Legislation			906	906
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 66,246</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 906</u>	<u>\$ 67,152</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 66,246</u>	<u>\$ 29,073</u>	<u>\$ 906</u>	<u>\$ 96,225</u>

DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit C-2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Public Facility Corporation Fund	Caprock Regional Defender Grant Fund	Special Grants Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenue:				
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	\$	\$	\$ 275,000	\$ 275,000
Investment Earnings	116			116
Total Revenues	\$ 116	\$ 0	\$ 275,000	\$ 275,116
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Prison Facility	\$ 12,636	\$	\$	\$ 12,636
General Administration			275,000	275,000
Total Expenditures	\$ 12,636	\$ 0	\$ 275,000	\$ 287,636
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	\$ (12,520)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (12,520)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (12,520)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (12,520)
Fund Balances - Beginning	78,766	906	0	79,672
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 66,246	\$ 906	\$ 0	\$ 67,152

OTHER INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

BOLINGER, SEGARS, GILBERT & MOSS, L.L.P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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LUBBOCK, TEXAS 79423-1954

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Judge and
Members of the Commissioners' Court of
Dickens County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dickens County, Texas (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 6, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Dickens County, Texas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Dickens County, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bolinger, Segars, Gilbert & Moss LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Lubbock, Texas

March 6, 2023